

在某些促进凝集的其它成分；这可用正常尿加入诊断液后有时也出现少量凝集颗粒的现象解释。③模拟试验用的EDTA抗原，不能完全代表实际尿中抗原的情况。

**Detection of Legionella Antigens in Urine by Biotin-Avidin Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay and Coagglutination Test** *Mao Hua, et al., Institute of Epidemiology and Microbiology, Chinese Academy of Preventive, Beijing*

This article reported a Biotin-Avidin Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (BA-ELISA) and a Coagglutination test (CoA) to detect Legionella-Soluble antigens in urine specimens of 38 artificially infected guinea pigs and 63 patients. The BA-ELISA was found to be able to detect as little as 0.1 ng protein/ml, and the CoA was 60 ng protein/ml.

The urine specimens of 7 patients with Legionnaires' Disease diagnosed by indirect fluorescent assay (IFA) were found to have positive result in both tests. No false positive result was found in BA-ELISA in patients suffering from pneumonia other than Legionellosis as well as 'healthy' persons. 2 patients and 2 'healthy' individuals, however, revealed false positive in CoA test.

**Key Words** BA-ELISA CoA Legionnaires' Disease Bacterium

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**本刊1988年首次编委常委扩大会议在京召开**

本刊1988年首次编委常委扩大会议，于元月19日在京召开。会议由总编辑何观清教授主持。参加会议的有副总编辑蒋豫图、耿贯一、刘汉明教授及编委常委魏承毓、于潜、郑锡文、张孔来和编辑室的张宝安、金蕴生同志。在京编委范明远、曹家琪同志列席了会议。

会上首先由编辑部同志汇报了一年来的工作情况，嗣后讨论了办刊的有关事宜：

1. 本刊每年收稿量较大，刊用的较少，稿件刊出周期较长，因此要严格控制每篇文稿的字数，一般论著应限制在3500字内，综述、讲座不超过5000字；

2. 为不断提高本刊的质量水平，要有计划地组织一些高水平的文稿，特别是综述、讲座之类的文章。会上，一些常委主动承担了撰写综述的任务，其中包括腹泻病、艾滋病等方面研究的最新情况，并预定从下半年开始连续刊登；

3. 为加速文稿周转，可把一些同类文章汇集起来，以“来稿摘登”形式刊出，所选用的文稿享有与其它文稿同等待遇，即仍属公开发表。

最后，与会者集体审阅了今年第三、四两期的每篇文稿，并提出了具体的修改意见。会议决定，下次编委常委会议将于6月中旬在京召开。